Financial Market Structure and Risk Concentration Briana Chang and Shengxing Zhang

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Suggestion #1: Sharpen the main result

- When W is linear/concave, outcome= risk sharing + random matching
- When W is only slightly convex, outcome= risk sharing + random matching
- When W is only sufficiently convex, outcome= risk concentration + PAM

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$$\alpha \, \frac{\sqrt{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}}{2} + \beta \, \frac{\sqrt{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}}{2}$$

Chaojun Wang (discussion)

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- Extending this paper: If investors can get rid of systematic risk at a fixed cost, then more efficient to concentrate systematic risk among a small subset of investors
- How can one get rid of "systematic" risk?
- Define "systematic" risk as aggregate risk within the OTC segement
- Can get rid of the "OTC" risk in the larger market

Suggestion #3: Dealers hold more assets?

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- Systematic risk = holding of the risky market portfolio

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- Main result: If investors can get rid of risk at a constant cost, more efficient to concentrate the risk among few investors
- Main suggestions:
 - 1~ Sharpen the main result ($\widetilde{W}(\sigma)=W(v)$)
 - 2 Better interpretation of risk sharing (diversification across multiple multiple assets)
 - 3 Interpretation of risk (level of asset holding? dispersion of asset holding?)